

HOT WEATHER
Make Your
ICE CREAM
WITH
MILKMAID
EVAPORATED
CREAM.

The China Mail.

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JAPANESE PHOTOGRAPHER
All kinds of photographs
Work done in latest style
Developing and printing
AMATEUR & PROFESSIONAL
11, QUEEN'S ROAD
CENTRAL.

No. 15,640.

號七十月六年三十一百九千一英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JUNE 17, 1913.

日六廿月二年二國民華中

PRICE, \$3.00 per Month.

Thorne's

No. 4

OLD VAT WHISKY

as supplied to the House
of Commons.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

POPULAR.

ASAHI BEER



OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.

SOLE AGENTS:

Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

Hongkong, January 2, 1913.

£240,000 FOR A HORSE.

It was stated at Sandown Park recently that the famous horse, The White Knight, has been sold to a foreign buyer. The purchase price is said to be about £240,000. This enormous price, at which racehorse owners of a generation ago would have gasped with astonishment, shows the magnitude of the present boom in the value of British bloodstock. There was never a time in the history of the world when highly bred horses fetched anything like the prices they do now.

Rock Sand, the Derby winner of 1903, who was sold for £25,000 to go to the States, was bought back last year by a syndicate of American owners racing in France, for £50,000. Cyllene was sold to go to the Argentine Republic for £31,000. Flying Fox, the Derby winner of 1890, went to France for 37,000 guineas.

The White Knight was one of the greatest stayers of the last decade. He ran unplaced in the memorable Derby won by Spearmint in 1906, but his subsequent triumphs included the Ascot Gold Cup twice, the Goodwood Cup, and the Coronation Cup at Epsom.

One of his best performances was in the Cesarewitch of 1907, when, carrying the heavy burden of 12 lbs., he ran second to Mr. William Clark's Demure.

The White Knight was owned jointly by Mr. W. R. Wyndham, a nephew of Lord Rosebery, and the late Colonel Tom Kirkwood, a famous Irish sportsman. Since his retirement from the turf he has been at the stud in Co. Limerick.

So far this season The White Knight's stock have won £1,333. His winners have been White Pawn (twice), Magnan (twice), Knight's Key (twice), and White Ruby.

AN "UNOFFICIAL" CANE.

On the ground that he struck one of the boys, causing a discoloured eye, a teacher has been censured and transferred by the Education Committee of the London County Council. It was also admitted that he had been in the habit of using an "unofficial" cane.

SURE, SURE, ALWAYS CURES.

Do not suffer from cramp colic or pain in the stomach when Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy goes to the right spot and gives immediate relief. You cannot afford to be without it if you are subject to attacks of this kind. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A DAIRY IN A CUPBOARD

to be complete should comprise

A FEW TINS OF EACH OF

ITEM I.—MILKMAID CONDENSED MILK

For all Culinary and General Purposes.

ITEM II.—MILKMAID EVAPORATED CREAM

For Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Ices and Stewed Fruits.

ITEM III.—MILKMAID STERILIZED NATURAL MILK

For Drinking Purposes.

For all purposes for which FRESH Milk is used.

WHY NOT HAVE

A DAIRY IN YOUR CUPBOARD

and be independent of the Milkman!

All Milkmaid Products are guaranteed to contain ALL the Cream.

BIJOU THEATRE.

ENTIRELY RENOVATED.

EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE, COOL AND COMFORTABLE

TO-NIGHT! SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT TO-NIGHT!

MISS CHINTA ZEREGA.

The World-renowned Classical Dancer who has performed before the Crowned Heads of Europe, will make her Debut. THIS EVENING at 8.15 P.M. NEW PICTURES NIGHTLY.

Hongkong, June 4, 1913.

THE EASTERN BAZAAR

(W. ASSOMULL & Co.)

Late of D'Aguilar Street HAVE REMOVED to Commodious premises at No. 35, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

In addition to SILKS, DRAPERIES and a large variety of other Goods, an entirely new line has been opened up in JEWELLERY. INSPECTION RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

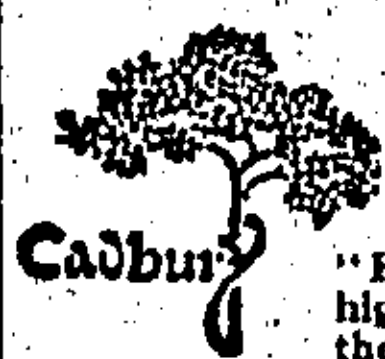
Hongkong, June 12, 1913.

Mineral Water.

THE BEST TABLE WATER.
PT. Per Case 4 Dozen.....\$5.00. DABY, Per Case 5 Dozen.....\$5.00.
AGENT: TOKYO HOTEL, 38A, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, June 16, 1913.

Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"



HIGHEST GRADE
BRITISH MADE

"BOURNVILLE COCOA represents the highest grade of nutritive cocoa at present on the market; it fully maintains its high reputation in food value and delicacy of flavour, and is second to none in any respect whatsoever."
Medical Magazine, March, 1912

CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES

In Tins and Fancy Boxes
Specially Packed for Export.

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN" BOURNVILLE, ENGLAND.

Hongkong Dec. 17, 1904.

CREAM ALPACCA LUSTRES.

SUITABLE for making LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S DRESSES and COATS. 30 inches wide. Price \$10.00 per piece of 50 yds. Cash only.
Apply ALEX. ROSS & CO., next door to Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.

SAMPLE ON APPLICATION.

Hongkong, June 5, 1913.

THE GRAND CARLTON HOTEL

An Ideal Family Hotel, where Living is a Real Pleasure
FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT. CONVENIENTLY SITUATED. ALL MODERN COMFORT

Noted for its First Class Cuisine and Perfection of Service.

Under the Personal Management of

O. E. OWEN,

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BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND ENGINEERING CO. OF HONGKONG, LTD.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDING, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORGE MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.

WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.

Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DOCK 78' x 38' x 3' 6"
Pumps empty Dock in 2 3/4 hours

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement, providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES throughout the Shops ranging up to 100 Tons.

50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR:

JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO., LTD.

PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 150 H.P.

As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS,

LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, etc.

Dockyard Manager, Mr. J. RENN, can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the Town Office.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRT,

HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN, AGENTS.

Telegraphic Address: "TAIKOODOCK" Telephone No. 212.

WING FAT CHEONG,

TAILORING AND OUTFITTINGS.

Just Unpacked for Summer Wear.

WASHABLE SHOWER PROOF SUITINGS.

LIGHT WEIGHT WORSTED TROPICAL SUITS.

MADE TO ORDER WITHIN SHORTEST TIME.

NEW PANAMA HATS AND KWEAR.

24A, DES VŒUX ROAD CENTRAL.

MEE CHEUNG

ART PHOTOGRAPHER

ICE HOUSE STREET,

BRANCH OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

Fashionable Xmas and New Year Cards.

LATEST SELECT VIEWS OF HONGKONG AND CANTON.

OUR BREAD

PERFECTION.

CAKES & PASTRY

PAR EXCELLENCE

TIFFINS, DINNERS & REFRESHMENTS THE BEST.

ALEXANDRA CAFE CO.

Hongkong, April 7, 1913.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE WITH EVERY MODERN LUXURY

A LA CARTE GRILL ROOM.

J. B. TAGGART, Manager.

PEAK HOTEL

ADAMANTLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA HAY.
adjoining the Tsim Sha Tsui Ferry, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.
OPEN to the South Wind in Summer and protected from the North-east Wind in Winter. Commanding a magnificent view of Hongkong, the harbour and adjacent islands for forty miles.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.

Terms—From \$5 per day Max. Town Office. A. Lee Yee Yee, Proprietor.

GRAND HOTEL

NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, REFRESHMENTS, ACCOMMODATION AND CLEANLINESS.

CUISINE UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.

ELECTRIC LIGHT & FANS THROUGHOUT.

F. REICHMANN, Proprietor.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

Portland Cement

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

in Bags of 50 lbs. net.

Shewan Tomes & Co.,

GENERAL MANAGERS.

VICTORIA

PRICKLY HEAT LOTION.

The Standard of Excellence.

The claims made for merit in other preparations find their realization alone in the superior merit of our

PRICKLY HEAT LOTION.

50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY,

A CHOICE SELECTION

FRY'S KING GEORGE V.

AND QUEEN MARY

CHOCOLATES.

CADBURY'S IMPERIAL CHOCOLATES.

A SPECIALITY

FRESH HOME-MADE CHOCOLATES.

Weismann, Limited.

Hongkong, July 20, 1910.

KELLY & WALSH, LTD.

THE WISDOM OF THE EAST SERIES—

The Sayings of Confucius a new translation of the greater part of the Analects ...	\$1.60
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The Modern Warship, by E. L. Atwood.	
The Story of a Leaf of Dew, by T. E. Wood.	

Cocktails!

Cocktails!

Cocktails!

Caldbeck's Gin Cocktail

Caldbeck's Vermouth Cocktail

FAMOUS FOR YEARS.

\$1.50 per quart bottle, duty paid.

SOLE AGENTS:

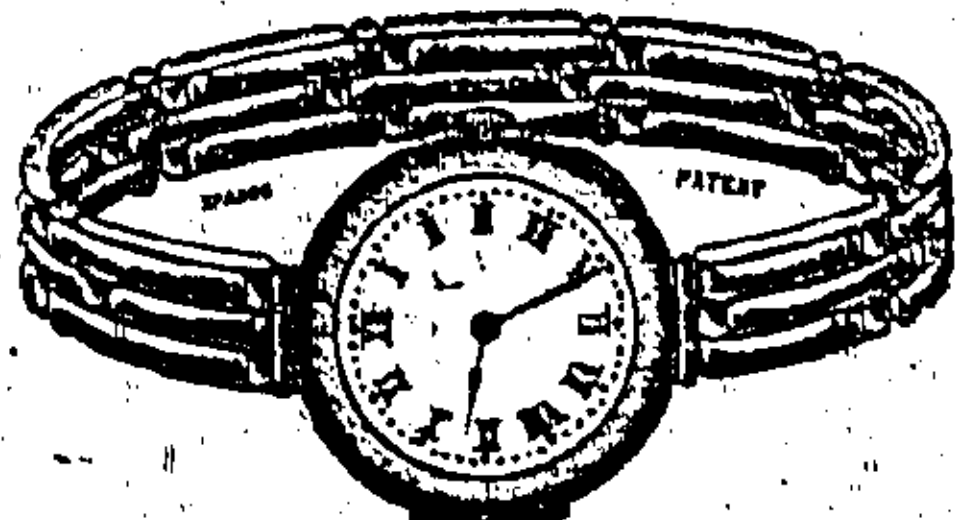
CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1864)

INTIMATIONS

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.,

LADY'S GOLD WATCH BRACELETS IN LARGE VARIETY.



ENGLISH SILVERWARE.

HOTEL MANSIONS: OPPOSITE GENERAL POST OFFICE.

WING KEE & CO.,

No. 47, 48 and 49, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS, COAL
MERCHANTS, &c., &c. OF FIFTY YEARS STANDING
SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL.
FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager,
Hongkong, August 12, 1913.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED).

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have
over thirty years' experience. We own two shipways and can accommodate any craft
of 200 feet long.

Town Office, 48, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong. Telephone No. 430.
Shipyard, Sham-Sui-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. K. 9.
Plans and specifications on application. WONG PING WA, Manager.
Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

WE solicit your kind patronage of our leading blends of
WINES AND SPIRITS.

ONLY the very best kept at prices that astonish our rivals.

A trial will convince you that THE HOUSE that
supplies your needs is the

WING ON CO.

TELEPHONE 185. CONNAUGHT ROAD

WHITE ANTS.

AVENARIUS CARBOLINEUM

THE BEST

WOOD PRESERVATIVE.

30 YEARS' SUCCESS

THE ONLY EFFECTIVE AND
LASTING PROTECTION

AGAINST

WHITE ANTS.

GOVERNMENTS AND OTHER TESTIMONIALS.

SOLE AGENTS:

MELCHERS & CO.

A Natural
Remedy

Time was when disease was thought to be due
to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism
and magic were invoked to cast it out.

Science has taught us wisdom. The evil
spirits exist still. We call them "Disease
Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once
lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with
its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches
and pains, is the result.

ENO'S
FRUIT SALT

is the approved remedy for driving out disease
germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It
clears the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new
life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy
action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole
digestive tract.

It may be safely taken at any time by young
or old.

It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhea
by removing the irritating cause.

Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping
a bottle in the house.

Prepared by
J. O. ENO, Ltd., "FRUIT SALT" WORK, LONDON, ENGLAND.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

INTIMATIONS

MITSU BISHI COSHI KWAISH
(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TAKA-
SIMA, ONI, MUTABE, YO-
SHINOTANI, KISHIDAKE, HOYO,
KANADA, NAMAZUTA, SAYO,
SHINNEW and KAMAYAMA
Collieries.

AGENTS FOR SAKITO, & OYUBARI

HEAD OFFICE—TOKYO.
BRANCH OFFICES—
Nagasaki, Moji, Karatsu,
Wakamatsu, Otsu, Muroran,
Kobe, Osaka, Tokyo, Yokohama,
Nagoya, Shanghai, Hongkong,
Hankow.

Tr. ADDRESS for above: "IWASAKI."
Codes:—A1, ABC 5th Ed., Western Union.

AGENCIES:

CHINKIANG: Messrs Gearing &
Co.
MANILA: Messrs Macdonald &
Co.
SINGAPORE: Messrs Borneo Co
Ltd.

For particulars, apply to
K. KATO,
Manager,
No. 2, PARKER STREET,
HONGKONG.

In the Matter of THE COMPANIES'
ORDINANCE, No. 53 of 1911,
and
In the Matter of THE SAM WANG
LAND INVESTMENT, LOAN &
AGENCY CO., LTD.
(In Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a
GENERAL MEETING of the Mem-
bers of the above-named Company will
be held at the Offices of Messrs PEARCE, SMITH,
SERR & FRANKS, No. 5, Queen's Road
Central (First Floor), Hongkong, at 12
o'clock Noon on SATURDAY, the Twenty-
first day of June, 1913, for the purpose of
having an account laid before them for the
year ending 15th May, 1913, and of hearing
any explanations that may be given by the
Liquidator.

Hongkong, the 12th day of June, 1913.
J. HENNESSEY SEIB,
Liquidator.

CHEESE.

We beg to inform our customers
that we have received a new ship-
ment of our well-known CANA-
DIAN STILTON CHEESE.

THE DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY

LIMITED.

TIME TABLE

WEEK DAYS:

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS: 8.10 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every half hour.

11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of an hour.

SUNDAYS:

8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.45 a.m. to 12 Noon. Every 15 minutes.
12.00 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
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NIGHT CARS: 8.10 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every half hour.

11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of an hour.

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on

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the 18th June, 1913, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of

A LARGE QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND
BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,
etc., etc.

Comprising as follows:—
TEAKWOOD—Dining and Drawing
Room Suits, Upholstered Chairs and
Sofas, Carpets and Rugs, Bed Room Suite,
Bureau, Washstand, etc., Dining Room
Furniture, Marble-top Sideboard, Dinner
Waggon, etc., 2 Dinner and Dessert
Services, Crockery, Electro-plated and
Sundry Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Kitchen
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BLACKWOOD—1 Fine Old Cabinet
Inlaid Mother-of-pearl, Couches, Arm-
chairs, Flower Stands, Cabinets, Jardinieres
Hall and Tea Tables, Tapestries, Brackets
and Photo Frames, Desk, etc., Old Inlaid
Chairs, etc., and a few pieces of Old Chinese
Furniture.

Also
Electric Fans and Lamps, 1 Sewing
Machine 1 Remington Typewriter, Marble
Clock, large American Iron Safe, Tea
Chest, etc., Mosquito and Window Curtains
and One Piano.

Catalogues will be issued.
Terms:—As usual.

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Hongkong, June 11, 1913. 735

PUBLIC AUCTION.

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THURSDAY,

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their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux
Road, corner of Ice House Street,
A MISCELLANEOUS STOCK.

Consisting of:—
A large quantity of Australian Bacon
'Pineapple Brand' in good condition, a
number of pair of New Tan Shoes (assorted
sizes), Boxes of Carbolic Toilet Soap in
first class condition and of the best quality.

Also
Bar Primrose Yellow Soap in cases, and a
consignment of Australian Pork
Sausages in tins,
etc., etc.

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(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

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FRIDAY,

the 20th June, commencing at 2.30 p.m.,
at No. 9, Ice House Road,
(next to Masonic Hall).—

THE WHOLE OF THE
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE,
etc., etc.

Therein contained,
Comprising:—
New Teakwood Wardrobe, Bureau,
Washstand, Sideboard and Dinner
Waggon, etc., Brass-mounted Bookcase (Hair
Mattresses), Upholstered Chairs and Sofas,
Pictures, Curtains, Table and Bed Linen,
etc., etc.

Also
One Piano by Bechstein, Hamburg, in very
good condition, Plants in Pots, and Carry-
ing Chair.

On view day of sale.
Catalogues will be issued.

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FOR a good Solid metal safe or
Table L'Hotel with Wines & Liquors
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A Celebrated Violiniste



Nervous Fatigue, Languor—

The power to excel, the confidence which ensures her brilliant successes, says the talented violinist, Miss Sybil Keymer, is entirely due to her abundance of vigorous *nerve force* created by Phosferine. How greatly the numerous distinctions and triumphs of this accomplished musician are promoted by the *brain energy* and *physical stamina* developed by Phosferine, is evident from Miss Keymer's admission that the tonic "enabled me to do myself justice." This power to excel, this ability to make perfect use of her skill, depends upon the *marvellous control* and *steadiness* of the *muscle nerves* Phosferine has given her, and to which she owes the entrancing tone and quality of her musical renditions. Naturally, this energising effect of Phosferine was accompanied by the disappearance of the headaches, listlessness, and fatigue, which were the bane of her public appearances, and it is this happy outcome which impels Miss Keymer to testify to the exceptional advantages to be derived from Phosferine.

Promptly Remedied.

Miss Sybil Keymer, "Riverside," Albany Rd., Leighton Buzzard, Eng., writes: "I think I should inform you that I have recently derived very great benefit from the use of Phosferine. In the course of my profession I have to travel a good deal in getting to my various concerts, and I find that since using Phosferine I am never troubled with the headaches and listlessness which follow a long railway journey, particularly during hot weather. This is of very great importance to me, as frequently only a very little time elapses between reaching my destination and the commencement of a concert, and it is such a relief to feel fresh and ready for playing in public undisturbed by the fatigues of long travelling. It is because I feel that Phosferine enables me to do myself justice as a violinist, preventing any of the unsteadiness of the muscle nerves, which is so harmful to tone and quality, that I confidently commend the tonic at every opportunity."—July 11, 1912.

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A PROVEN REMEDY FOR
Indigestion Maternity Weakness Lassitude Sleeplessness
Neuralgia Premature Decay Nausea Rheumatism
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And all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

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SIGNOR CARUSO'S RETURN.

OPENING OF THE ITALIAN OPERA SEASON.

After a month of Wagner's rigorous rule Covent Garden has returned with more than ordinary zest to the worship of its own idols. The management has provided as liberally for the needs of those who believe in the all-sufficiency of the singer as for those who follow the wider artistic gospel of Wagner, and the Italian season began in splendour with the return of Signor Caruso, the primo tenore who secures the greatest number of worshippers at the present day.

For him the prices of stalls were raised, and extra stalls had to be placed in the gangways. A large part of the audience too showed that it was for Caruso that they came by dropping in casually while *Il Segreto di Susanna* was being sung and acted with delicious froth and freshness by Signor Sammarco and Miss Nielsen. The latter, by the way, was also making a return to the stage of Covent Garden; after a considerable interval of time and save for a certain amount of *ad libitum* whole performance was charming. *Il Segreto di Susanna*, moreover, was furnished with a new score by M. Leon Bakst, a beautiful triangular room in blue and white; but all this was merely a prelude to the event of Signor Caruso's reappearance in a part in which he first made his mark here in 1904, that of Canio in *Pagliacci*.

So completely was it Signor Caruso's evening that at the first act of *Pagliacci* he alone came before the curtain, and it seemed to be assumed by every one that all the applause was for him. Probably the first outburst was entirely his, for at that moment, with the sound of his wonderful voice in "Vesti la giubba" still filling the ears, the song to which every one had looked forward all the evening, it was scarcely possible to think of anything else. That song was the first moment in which there was anything wonderful. His singing in the earlier scene with the song, "Un tal gioco, credetemi," was not above what has been done by several tenors of smaller reputation, so that when the climax of the act approached we were just beginning to wonder whether we were to hear the real Caruso who left London for America six years ago. In it, however, his capacity for combining unrestrained and intense emotion with absolute ease of vocalization showed out in its full power, and it could not be before, and it was sufficient to carry the audience away.

Still there were other things in the performance as a whole which ought not to be passed over. Signor Sammarco's remarkable treatment of the part of Tonio remains a splendid piece of acting, as well as well as singing. His fine singing of the "Prologue" at least got the appreciation it deserved. Moreover, Miss Carmen Melis, who is now to Covent Garden, gave a very remarkable performance as Nedda. With a voice which has a little less power, but a more genuine dramatic power, which is shown in her excellent vocal declamation, her movements, her facial expression, and her whole appearance. In her duet with Silvio (M. Crabbe) her singing had a delicate appealing quality which made one wish that she had a little less power, but on the other hand, in her scene with Signor Sammarco there was the right gleam of savagery in all that she did.—The Times.

BANKRUPT'S MANY INTERESTS IN CHINA.

The first meeting of creditors of Charles Elti was held last month at the London Bankruptcy Court, before Mr. E. Leadam Hough, Senior Official Receiver, under a receiving order made against Mr. Charles Elti, company promoter, 490, Uxbridge-road, and 102-104, New Oxford-street, W. C.

The Chairman reported that the debtor had attended before the Examiner, but had failed to keep the appointment for completion, and was not present at that meeting. It appeared from his statements that a previous failure was recorded against him in November, 1907; no dividend was paid under those proceedings, and no discharge had been obtained. In July, 1908, the debtor became manager and editor of the Investor's Mart, which paper was taken over by the Hulton Printing Company, formed with a nominal capital of £1,000. The debtor remained with the company for six months, and then went to China, with a view to promoting trade with that country. In 1911 he returned to England to manage the Asiatic Protection Society, the aim of which was to protect Asiatics coming to England and to promote trade with China. The Society was taken over in August, 1911, by the Asiatic Protection Society, Limited, formed with a capital of £1,000, and a few months later the name was changed to the China Trade Exploitation Society, Limited.

The debtor acted as traveller for the Society, and went to China on its behalf in August, 1911. In his absence the company, he alleged, went into illegal voluntary liquidation to rid themselves of their liability to him for about £3,000 in respect of salary and money advanced. Whilst in China in September, 1911, the debtor started business in partnership with Young Tai, a Chinaman, at Hongkong, as financial, civil, and consulting engineers and contractors. In February, 1912, Charles E. Elti and Co., Limited, was formed with a capital of £1,000, to take over the business, and in the following October the name of that company was changed to the Engineering Union of China, Limited, the capital being increased to £10,000. The company was still carrying on business. In November, 1911, the debtor obtained a concession from the Chief of Seventy-two Guilds, of China, to open branches for promoting trade with China, and to publish the East and West Review, a company was registered in February, 1912, as the East and West Society of China, Limited, with a share capital of £1,000 and debentures £5,000. The paper was still being published, and the company was carrying on business. The debtor had also been interested in J. Brown & Co. (Oriental), Limited, formed to import Chinese blackwood furniture into England.

The meeting was adjourned for three weeks to enable creditors to be notified of the proceedings, and with a view to a more representative body being in attendance.

A Stimulant as Satisfactory as Alcohol.

O.T.

O.T. is the long-wanted happy medium between a "hard" and a "soft" drink. It compares with spirituous liquors in its stimulating qualities, its satisfying body and its piquant bite—but it is free from alcohol, and is without intoxicating or other undesirable effects. O.T. is a beneficial drink for ladies when needing a stimulant owing to its warming and comforting properties. No home should be without a bottle.

A Liqueur—Stomachic—Pick-me-up.

Made from natural fruits and herbs O.T. is a pure and healthful beverage, and only favourable effects follow its use. After over-indulgence there's no better "pick-me-up." As a tonic when you feel "out-of-sorts," there's nothing better to make you fit and well again.

O.T. is a true digestive, and therefore good for a mealtime drink, as an after-dinner liqueur, and as a remedy for indigestion, flatulence and "full feeling" after meals.

As a stomachic, it has wonderful virtues for colic, dysentery, and other stomach troubles. No drink is more suitable than O.T. for both abstemious and non-abstemious; none is more healthful for young and old.

Gold Seal

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The More you Drink O.T. the Better you Like it!

O.T. wins favour with all who try it. Its distinctive character, its refreshing and exhilarating qualities, its satisfying body and "bite" appeal to you—its taste grows on you, and you soon realise that each glass adds to your liking and appreciation.

O.T. Mixes Deliciously with

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Gives full body, fine flavour, stimulating, refreshing—lessens acidity and neutralises effects of arid drinks.

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Dr. J. G. Hanna	Mr. E. P. White
Mr. W. T. Harwood	Mr. W. White
Mr. and Mrs. H. E. E.	Mr. and Mrs. J. O.
Mr. and Mrs. Hummings	Whittaker
Mr. J. Hord	Mr. J. Wilson
Hon. Mr. E. A.	Mr. G. G. Wood
Howett, C.M.G.	Miss Wood
Mr. Harold Holgate	Mr. J. Zeiler
Mr. O. Inghenot	Mr. S. P. Yeddell
PEAK HOTEL.	
Mr. T. O. R. Archer	Mr. and Mrs. P. Jacks
R.A.M.C.	Mr. A. Keith
Mr. and Mrs. W. Arm.	Mr. and Mrs. E. S.
strong	Kraus
Mr. and Mrs. T. Arthur	Capt. and Mrs. McManus
Mr. E. F. Aucott	children and nurse.
Mrs. W. M. C. Bar.	R.A.M.C.
ret and child	Mr. E. J. McNulty
Mr. and Mrs. C. D. J.	Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell
Bell	more and child
Mr. Bennett	Mr. and Mrs. H. Ober
Mr. and Mrs. Beyer	and child
Mrs. Bowdler	Rev. Foster Egg
Major Bowen, A.P.D.	Mr. J. Plummer
Attorney-General J.	Mr. Powell
A. Bucknill	Mr. J. J. Radcliffe
Mr. M. Cary	R.E.
Dr. Crail	Mr. Kelson
Major Davy, R.E.	Mr. and Mrs. Ritchie
Mr. and Mrs. Dodge	Mr. Deabrow Rowe
Mr. G. A. Dutton	Mr. L. Scott
Capt. and Mrs. Eitzen	Mr. A. Sinclair
Mr. and Mrs. B. A.	Mr. O. Skott
Hale	Mr. Seydler
Mr. and Mrs. A. Gibson	Mr. and Mrs. S. B.
Col. Gordon Hall,	Sharp
R.A.M.C.	Mr. Col. W. H. Usher
Mr. J. H. Gordon	Smith, A.O.D.
Mr. J. O'Gough	Mr. and Mrs. P. S. S. S.
Mr. G. G. Gough	Mr. C. E. Stewart
Mr. H. Hancock	Mr. and Mrs. Sutherland
Mr. H. A. Hazland	Mr. Thompson
Mr. Hoorn	Mr. O. Wagner
Capt. and Mrs. Hodgins	Mr. N. O. Walker
Major Humphrey,	Capt. Whitlock, A.O.D.
R.E.S.	Mr. David Wood
Apply to Mrs. F. W. Waite,	
"Brasside," 30, Macdonnell Road,	
Hongkong, September 2, 1908.	



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"Sanatogen undoubtedly invigorates the nerves—braces the patient to health—brings a new hopefulness and enjoyment of life."

These words, written by Lady Henry Somerset, will come as a stirring message to all who are in that miserable "despairing state of mind which is due to weakened nerves and failing health. Such sufferers should seek at once the helpful, uplifting power of Sanatogen."

New Health and Nerve Power.

Over 16,000 qualified practising physicians have testified in writing to the great benefit which their patients have derived from Sanatogen in Nervous and Digestive Troubles, Brain-fag, Insomnia, Poverty of Blood, and various Wasting Diseases.

Sanatogen is unique among tonics because it invigorates the whole system—particularly the nerves and brain—not temporarily, but permanently, and without any harmful effects. In the words of the well-known physician, Dr. Claude L. Wheeler: "Sanatogen is a food—a highly concentrated and very nutritious food—endowed with special tonic properties. It builds up, fortifies and strengthens the cells of the body, because it is a real cell food."

Write to-day for a Free Book.

"The Art of Living" is the title of an interesting book which tells you all about Sanatogen and also contains a great deal of valuable advice on health topics. Write for a Free Copy at once—mentioning this paper—to the manufacturers of Sanatogen, Messrs. A. Walling & Co., 6, Kinkiang Road, Shanghai, and buy a bottle of Sanatogen to-day—it is sold by all Chemists.

Sanatogen—the Tonic Food.

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1/4" to 1 1/2"	5" to 15"	3" to 10"
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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

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The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatism, Gravel, and all other cases of uric acid.

MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headaches, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Biliary Affections.

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Showing tracks and daily progress of the big Typhoons during the last twenty years. And enabling one to locate the centre of a Typhoon.

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TO-MORROW-EVENING 18th, WRESTLING MATCH

J. GEBHARD of S.S. TULLIWONG

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For a Prize of \$100.00.

Next Matinee Wed., June 18th.

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COL. BOB LOVE, Touring Manager.

Hongkong, June 17, 1913.

THE YOUNG WOMAN.

No young woman need be ugly. When a girl is conscious of her plainness, she is unhappy and often morbid. She should say, "I will not be ugly," for the remedy lies in her own hands. The culture of beauty is the duty of every woman, for you cannot separate people from their looks. Beautiful forms are most alluring. The impression of form is the earliest realization of beauty, and the discovery of a face or figure to which we are powerfully attracted marks an era in our lives.

Any pretence of ignoring or belittling beauty is vulgar and absurd. By cultivating her possibilities the unattractive girl will not only be rewarded by the frank approval of her friends, but will gain so enormously in assurance and happy ease of mind that by a natural process she will become a much more valuable and sympathetic companion.

To hide and waste beauty should be a criminal offence, yet much beauty is so wasted. It is undeveloped, therefore unappreciated, and its possessors get no credit for it. I have never seen a hopelessly ugly girl, but I have met many who suffered tortures because they believed themselves to be plain and unattractive beyond hope of improvement. Of these girls, the sensitive ones become silent, shy, and sad, sinking into non-entities; others, resenting an unkind fate, cultivated an unpleasant brusquerie, seeing slight where none was intended, fitting with a sad lack of humour every gift to her hand.

CHANGING THROUGH PLAIN. The social success of her friends is the tragedy of the plain girl. She naturally envies the admiration they receive, the deference accorded them; the best seats, and the partners at a dance which are theirs by right. How it would comfort an unattractive girl if she could realise that in nine cases out of ten the natural advantages of her rivals are no greater than her own, the difference being that they are beauty-wise and she is not.

Now any young woman who wishes to be attractive and good to look upon, can make the best of her good points, and by using intelligence and common sense, will find no need to envy her more beautiful friends. To make the most of good points and minimise bad ones means a great deal, yet if a girl is in earnest she can transform herself, beyond her most sanguine hopes. This is no extravagant claim, but sober fact. A girl may have a nose far removed from the ideal Greek, but she may have an exquisite ankle and an arched instep calculated to delight the soul of a sculptor. She will be wise to live up to her pretty feet, and discarding flat, square-toed footwear and cashmere stockings, encase them in smart low-cut shoes and silk hose.

Making the best of oneself usually means making-up, a rather silly woman once said to me. Now I am not concerned with the ethics of "make-up," and am utterly incurious about them, but I do think that a girl afflicted with lank and mouse-coloured hair is not less moral because she brightens and waves it becomingly. I hold that she is morally justified by the self-respect and peace of mind which its improved condition restores to her. Beauty that is undecorated, but is well be non-existent.

BETTER MAGNETISM THAN BEAUTY. To-day is the opportunity of the plain girl. Perfect-factured conventional liveliness is no longer exclusively admired. Movements in art and literature produce types, and rivals have entered the lists to challenge the Tennysonian beauty, "lily regular, splendidly null." Individual charm is demanded, while character and personal magnetism make an irresistible appeal. The daring, the ultra modern, even the bizarre as types are admired, they are novel and enticing. Our mothers, bowed down by a heavy code of conventions and the shibboleths of their class, would have been as ashamed of being thought odd as of being summoned by their butler. Now, originality is eagerly welcomed, and distinctiveness is decidedly chic.

This is where the plain girl's opportunity comes in, for she will have a far better time as a personality than as a beauty. The pallid full-lipped woman beloved by the pro-Raphaelite brotherhood are not beautiful according to accepted canons, but how curiously fascinating is the suggestion of vivid life in their passion-pale faces, and the re-

serve, the something yet to be yielded, which envelops them, and which is one of the most enthralling attributes of beauty. The freckled girl with a nondescript nose and a wide mouth can, if she be true to her instincts, sparkle like a sun-bonnet, and people will not worry about the faintness of this type while they enjoy her capricious and dainty charm. A young woman of my acquaintance literally rejoices in her jade-green eyes and tawny skin. She has learnt the supreme art of dressing up to her points. (This has given the echo of character to her personality, and she is a tremendous success.

STUDY YOUR POSSIBILITIES.

The racial sense is invaluable to the plain girl. She should study her friends, their accomplishments, their prejudices, their weaknesses. Personal effort is worth all the text-books, and many young women are roused stupid—consequently uninteresting—because they are out of touch with their immediate circle.

The unattractive girl must begin by seriously studying her possibilities. She must acquire a clear complexion, and see that her hair is bright and arranged to suit her face. Then the teeth must be cared for, and the hands kept soft and white. Having achieved these desirable points, the next thing is to make the best of them by framing them in appropriate settings. She should carefully consider the pros and cons of her frocks, and having made her choice of a style, be faithful to it, retaining through the exigencies of fashion the lines which suit her, whether of the simple clinging type enriched with one piece of beautiful ornament, or a style in which subtle combinations of materials and colours best become her.

A woman's mission is to please, and to retain the admiration she has inspired. For this is the lasting thing. The plain girl has never had better opportunities for expression than to-day—Marie Vanini, in the "Daily Express."

WOMEN AS BANK CLERKS.

WOMAN BANKER DEFENDS HER SEX.

The theory of a London bank manager that all women are not capable of competing against men under ordinary banking conditions, is absolutely contradicted by Mrs. Kate Reilly, the manager of Farrow's Bank for Women.

"The whole thing resolves itself into a question of natural ability," Mrs. Reilly declared to a press representative last week. "Some people, men and women, are born with a head for mathematics while others can never master figures at all. It is not fair to draw a hard and fast rule as to what a woman's brain can or cannot do. Any teacher in a mixed school could tell you that, on the average, there are as many boys as girls who have a distaste for sums."

"I would not say that women make better bankers than men, but I do say that they are just as good. The Post Office Savings Bank department, where all the employees are women, proves this, and so does the bank of which I am manager, and where the work is entirely carried on by women."

Farrow's Bank for Women was tried as an experiment, and it has proved so successful that now we are about to move into larger premises in the West End."

FAMOUS MEN'S HAIR.

Locks of hair from the heads of three famous men were sold at Sotheby's recently. That of Milton realised only 35s., Dean Swift's brought no higher bid than 35s., and the hair of Dr. Johnson was knocked down for 30s.

The Man Who Gets There

Is the man who has blood—real rich red blood and plenty of it—in his body. WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND makes blood—its oil—life giving, brain-nourishing, strength-replenishing blood.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

PRICES: \$1.25 and \$2.25.

HONGKONG AVERAGE MARKET PRICES.

Corrected to Thursday, June 13th, 1913.
At 200 cents per Dollar Mexican.

Butcher Meat	
Beef Sirloin & Prime Cut—Mol Lung Pa	1b 18
Roast—Ham Ngau Yuk	18
Roast—Shiu	18
Breast—Nagu Lam	12
Soup—Tong Yuk	18
Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa	18
Sirloin Colom—Ngau Lau	28
Sausages—Ngau Chung	20
Bullock's Brains—Know	per set 10
Tongue fresh—Ngau Li	40
corned—Ham Ngau Li	50
Head—Ngau Tan	12
Heart—Ngau Sum	12
Hump, Salt—Ngau Kin	15
Salt	18
Feet—Ngau Kark	each 8
Kidneys—Ngau Yiu	9
Tail—Ngau Mei	18
Liver—Ngau Kon	18
Tripe (undressed)—Ngau To	18
Calve Head & Feet—Ngau-chai-tau-kark	set 21
Mutton Chop—Yeung Pei Kwat	1b 25
Leg—Yeung Pei	25
Shoulder—Yeung Shau	22
Pigs Chittlings—Chu Chong	27
Brains—Chu Know	per set 2
Feet—Chu Kark	1b 13
Chu Chae	3
Head—Chu Tan	18
Heart—Chu Sum	each 10
Kidneys—Chu Yiu	8
Liver—Chu Con	1b 24
Pork, Chop—Chu Pak Kwat	23
Leg—Chu Pei	27
Fat or Lard—Chu Yau	30
Chu Trap Pig's Fry	30
Sheep Head & Feet—Yeung Tai Kark	65
Heart—Yeung Sum	osc 7
Kidneys—Yeung Yiu	9
Liver—Yeung Con	1b 25
Sucking Pigs, To Order—Chu Chai	22
Suet, Beef—Sang Ngau Yau	18
50lb Mutton—Sang Yeung Yau	25
Veal—Ngau Chai Yuk	18
Sausages—Ngau Chai Chung	18

Poultry.

Chicken—Kai Chai	b 35
Capons, Large, mall—Sin Kai	34
Ducks—Ap	27
Doves—Pan Kau	—
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tan	per doz 20
Fowls, Canton—Kai	b 38
Hainan—Hoi Nam	—
Geese—Ngai Kai	24
Joese, Wild—Shang-he Yea Ngai pak	each
Thak Doer—Wong Keng	—
Hare, Shanghai—Tu Chai	—
Partridge—Che Khoo	—
Pheasant—Shan Kai	pair
Zigeons, Canton—Pak Kup	each 34
Hoihow—Hoi How Pak Kup	26
Quail—Um Chun	27
Rice Birds—Wo Fa Ciesur	dozen
Saupe—Sa Choy	each
Turkeys—Lock—Phor Kai Kung	b 65
Hon	Na
Wild Ducks, Shanghai—Shang-hoi Sui Ap	45
Teal—Sui Ap Chai	—
Wild Ducks Canton—Sang-Sing Sui Ap	—

Fish.

Barbel—Ka Yu	24
Bream—Bin Yu	18
Canton Fresh Water Fish—Hoi Sin Yu	18
Carp—Li Yu	20
Codfish—Chik Yu	10
Codfish—Mau Yu	10
Crabs—H	16
Cuttle Fish—Muk Yu	18
Dab—Sa Mang Yu	17
Dace—Wong Mei Lan	10
Dog Fish—Til Yu Sa	1
Cels, Congee—Hoi Mann	—
Fresh water—Tam Si Y	20
Gels, Yellow—Wong Si	32
Frogs—Tien Kai	32
Grouper—Sak Pan	60
Gudgoun—Pak Kup Yu	12
Herrings—Tso Pak	22
Halibut—Cheung Kwan Kap	24
Loon—Wong Fa Yu	22
Loach—Wu Yu	23
Loabster—Lung Ha	35
Mackerel—Chi Yu	14
Monk Fish—Ming Yu	32
Mullet—Chai Yu	20
Oysters—San Co	18
Parrotfish—Kai Li	18
Pomfret—Tao Lou	18
Pike—Fa Paw Pong	8
Plaice—Pan Yu	20
Pomfret, Black—Hak Chong	20
Pomfret, White—Pak Chong	32
Prawn—Ming	40
Ray—Pal Pa Sa	6
Roach Fish—Sak Ha	18
Roach—Chan Yu	10

肉食

Salmon—Ma Yau Yu	35
Shark—Sa Yu	9
Skate—Po Yu	8
Shrimps—Ha	23
Snapper—Lap Yu	23
Soles—Tat Sa Yu	24
Tench—Wan Yu	20
Turbot—Cho Hoi Yu	18
Turtles, small, fresh water—Kork Yu	32
White Bait—Ngau Yu Chai	—

Fruits.

Almonds—Hung Yan	30
Apples (California)—Kam San Ping Kho	25
(Cheilo)—Tin Chun Ping Kho	—
Small—Hoi Tong	—
Custard—Fan Lai Chai	—
Bananas, fragrant, Canton—San Shing	3
Heung Chiu	—
Bananas, (Girdes), Macao—San Hing Chiu	4
Cherries, Chinese—Fung Lai	—
Carambols—Yeung Tse	—
Cocoanuts—Yeh Tse	each 12
Lemons, China—Ning Moong	1b
America—Kun San Ning Moong	8
Lichees Dried—Lai Chi, small Stone	b 25
Free—	—
Limes (Saigon)—Sai Kung Ning Moong	each 10
Mango, Manila—Lai Sung Mong	15
Mangosteens—San Chik Tse	each 30
Oranges, (Canton)—San Shing Tim Ching	1b 18
Oranges Sweet	—
Pears, (American)—Kam San Shoot	15
(Canton), Cooking—Sa Lay	15
Peanuts—Fa Sang	10
Persimmons Large—Hung Chio	—
Pine-apples, 1st quality—Poon Tip Paw Law	each 12
2nd—	—
Plum—Tai Chai	1b 2
Plums—Swatow, Hung Lai	8
Pumelo, Siam—Chim Lo Yau	each 25
Shanghai—Lo Kwai	—
Walnuts—Hop Tse	1b 12
Green—Sang Hop Tse	—
Water Melon—Kam San Sai Kwa	each
(China) Sai Kwa	—
Grapes—Sang Po Tai Tse	1b

Vegetables etc.

Artichokes, Shanghai—Sheng-hoi Ah	1b
Chai Chik	—
Beans, (French), Macao—Oh Moon Pin Tan	10
(French), Shanghai—Sheng Hai	6
Fin Tan	—
Sprout—Ah Cho	6
Long—Tan Ko	12
Best Root—Hung Chai Tan	each 6
Brinjals, Green—Ching Yau	5
Red—Hung Ker	6
Cabbage, Chinese, com.—Kai Choy	12
Cabbage Red—Hung Yau Choy	—
Cabbage, Shanghai—Yeh Chai	—
Cane Shoots, bunch—Kau Shun	1b
Cutflower, Large size Tai Yeh Cho Fa	each
Medium size—Chung Yeh Cho Fa	—
Small size—Sai Yeh Cho Fa	—
Carrots—Kam Shun	1b 6
Celery, Chinese—Tung Kai Chai	8
Enr ish—Yeung	—
Chillies Dried—Gon Lat Chai	30
Red—Hung Fa	15
Green—Ching La Chai	12
Curry Shit, English—Kai Lee Chai	12
Cucumbers—Ching Kwa	6
Bitter Squash—Fu Kwa	8
Garlic—Que Tan	8
Ginger, young—San Sze Kung	6
Old—Lo Kung	8
Horse Radish, Shanghai—Lai Kwa	18
Indian Corn—Sak Mai	act 5
Lettuce—Young Sang Chai	1
Water Chestnuts—Ma Tai	1b 6
Mandarin—Kwai Lam Ma Tai	3
Mushrooms, Fresh—Sang Cho Koo	—
Musk Melon, Amer.—Kam San Hong Kwa	each
Okraes—	12
Onions, Bombay—Yeung Chong Tan	8
Green—Sang Chong	5
Shanghai—Shang-hoi Chong	12
Papaw, 1st qual.—Tai Man Sui Kwa	each 12
2nd—	10
Parley—Kun Cho	6
Green Peas—Ching Tan	—
Potato, Sweet—Fan Shu	3
Shanghai—Shang-hoi Shai	—
Japan—Yut Poon Shu Tan	—
American—Yi Ki	10
Foodow—Wook-chow Shu Tan	3
Pumpkin—Tung Kwa	—
Radish—Hung Lo Pak Tai	6
Rhubarb (French)—Tai Won	12
Sage—Tso So	8
Shallots—Gon Chai	8
Squash—Yin Ch	4
Tomatoes—Fan ter	4
Taro—Wu Tan	6
Turnips, English—Lo Pak	5
English—Yeung Lo Pak	—
Vegetable Marrow—Chit Kwa	3
(Am)—Kam San Chit Kwa	—
Water Cress—Sai Yung Ch	12
Lily root—Jin Ngan	0
Yams—Ta Shu	5

The prices necessarily vary from day to day and the daily Board has no power to compel the holders to sell at the prices quoted.

W. BOWEN-DOWLING

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YE OLDE ENGLISH LAVENDER

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Footwear for Gentlemen

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Boots \$11.00 Shoes \$10.00

EACH PAIR GUARANTEED.

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GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

Prescriptions Accurately Dispensed.

62A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, July 20, 1912.

breast." They had nothing to fear, and though the ingenious and circumstantial evidence that was blazoned forth by the fiery Mr. Maxse of the "National Review" and Mr. Cecil Chesterton in his desire to popularise a practically unknown journal, doubtless was "truth undiluted" in the eyes of the political opponents of the alleged delinquents yet to all impartial observers it was only too palpable that the whole affair was a disgraceful party dodge absolutely discreditable to those who attempted to besmirch the honour and probity of men whose character stood so high—and deservedly high—as the splendid vindication of their integrity has since proved. The best resolution that could be passed in the House of Commons in view of the result of the Inquiry would be a strong vote of censure on the malignant individuals that forced such a costly Inquiry on so flabby a foundation.

BRITISH RAILWAY ACCIDENTS.

RETURN have just been issued of accidents on British railways during 1912. From these it appears that the fatal accidents to passengers in trains resulted in 20 deaths, while there were also 683 injuries. These figures are higher than the records for 1911, in which there were 14 passengers killed and 460 injured. The total number of passengers killed on the railways as a result of the movement of trains and vehicles was 110, and 2029 were injured. Many of these accidents, of course, are due to no fault in railway working, but to the carelessness of passengers themselves, such as jumping on and off trains in motion, falling out of carriages and between carriages and platforms, &c. The fatal accidents to employees showed a decrease in 1912 on the figures of 1911. These were 343 employees killed last year, compared with 393 in the year before. The number of injured increased, however, from 5111 in 1911 to 5532 in 1912. The casualties resulting from accidents to trains as well as those from other accidents connected with other movements of vehicles both showed an increase on the previous year. The grand total of passengers, employees, and others killed on the railways was 1011, or 39 less than in 1911, while the injured amounted to 8700 persons, or 355 more than in 1911. These totals, of course, include trespassers, suicides, &c., for which the railways are in no way responsible. Out of 867 "other persons" killed and injured, no less than 344 were trespassers and 241 suicides. Very often when these accident returns are noticed, no trouble is taken to discriminate between the classes for which the railways may be and should not be held responsible, and the returns naturally appear unduly high.

From Renter's telegrams to hand it would appear that the end of the Marconi squabble is not yet, and that the matter has to be re-opened in the House of Commons. The proposed resolution, which in itself is admirable, may not lead to anything more serious than an expression of opinion on the Ministerial side to the effect that the official Report was precisely what the House of Commons and the country generally expected, while the Opposition will doubtless express the pious hope that the fair and saintly name of British statesmen may never again be tarnished in such a manner. These are the official views, and they are, as already stated, precisely what was to be expected. We do not, however, wish to infer for a moment that the evidence placed before the Committee was not sifted with judicial acumen and impartiality; for there is every indication that such was the case. It was quite apparent, however, throughout the whole proceedings that the Inquiry was clearly the outcome of political antagonism much more than that the incorruptible integrity of British statesmen should be manifested. It was an attempt by politicians to discredit and, if possible, to overthrow, their political opponents on material which to most people were of the slightest. The Inquiry in itself, once the doubts were expressed, was inevitable; but it is regrettable that the strong bias of party feeling should have been manifested on such an occasion and in such an objectionable manner. The whole of this costly Inquiry, we repeat, was nothing more nor less than a party manoeuvre; and considering upon what grounds it was based, it was discreditable to those who forced such an issue. It is gratifying, however, to find that the eminent statesmen implicated have come out of the ordeal with honour untarnished. "Truth hath a quiet

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

The expenditure last year on the Hongkong Observatory was \$22,803.08.

The Hon. Mr. M. F. O'Dwyer is gazetted as Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, in succession to Sir Louis Dane, whose resignation took effect from the 27th ult.

At the Magistrate today two Chinese were charged by Inspector Kerr with being stowaways on the s.s. Borneo, bound for Hongkong from Sandakan. The men were each fined \$30.

A Chinese aged about 60 years either fell or jumped from the Praya wall into the water yesterday afternoon. He was rescued by a boatman and an Indian constable, and was removed to hospital.

Before Mr. Macleod this morning at the Magistrate, eight Chinese were charged with gambling at 105 First Street (second floor) West Point. The men were found by a Chinese detective sitting around a bed gambling. The accused were fined \$3 each.

A small fire occurred at No. 11 Gathick Street West Point on Monday, caused by the upsetting of a kerosene oil lamp. The fire was extinguished by police and inmates of the house. The Fire Brigade attended, but their services were not required.

The report of the General Committee of the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce for the year ended December 31, 1912, has just been printed and circulated. It is a valuable record of a year's work of this useful body and should prove of the utmost interest to all the members and to others interested in the commercial welfare of Hongkong.

The officers selected for the Indian Flying School are, Captain S. D. Massey, 20th Punjab, as Commander; Captain C. G. Hoare, 29th Central India Horse; Lieutenant C. J. N. Newall, 2nd Gurkhas; Lieutenant H. L. Reddy, 22nd Punjab, as Instructor. These officers have proceeded to England to undergo a long course at the Central Flying School at Upavon.

A man was charged with housebreaking at Wanchai before Mr. Hazland at the Magistrate today. He was further charged with returning from banishment. On the first charge a sentence of one month and four hours' stocks was passed, and on the second prisoner was sent to goal for six months' hard labour. Inspector McHardy presided.

On Monday a Chinese servant boy aged 13 was brought to the Central Police Station. He had fallen into the harbour from the wharf of the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Company. He was rescued by a wharf coolie and Chinese Constable No. 97 both of whom jumped into the water to save the lad. The boy was subsequently handed over to the care of his father.

According to the rules made by the Government of India, under the Indian Airships Act of 1911, no one will be allowed to use an airship except under a yearly licence, to be granted by certain specified authorities. Except in the Presidency towns, Bangalore and Aden the authority is the Magistrate of the District. The carrying of any explosives, arms or ammunition, or wireless telegraph apparatus is forbidden.

The F.M.S. medical department has recently received 10,000 packets of quinine which have been specially made up at home for distribution among the people in the F.M.S. Each packet contains ten glass-phials and each phial 20 tablets. Round each phial is wrapped a paper printed in several languages giving full directions for use in such clear and simple terms that they can be understood by everybody.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Mr. Alfred G. Anderson, of the "Vanilla Daily Bulletin" leaves here to-day by the Awa Maru for the United States.

Mr. E. J. Waterman, who acted as liquidator of the Oriental Brewery Company, leaves Hongkong to-day for the United States.

By defeating the U. S. S. Albany in the last innings rally, the flagship Saratoga has carried off the Hongkong and Amoy U. S. Navy baseball cup.

The old dispatch ship Alacrity, which has been replaced by a new vessel of the same name, is to be sold out of the service. She has been for 27 years in Chinese waters.

Captain A. P. Williams-Freeman, Cornwall Light Infantry, will finish his term in the adjutancy of the 5th (Territorial) Battalion in September next, unless granted an extension in the interim.

The new courts of H. B. V. S. Supreme Court Buildings, Shanghai, were formally opened on the 11th inst. in the presence of a large and distinguished attendance. The new courts are those for the Assistant Judge, Mr. F. S. A. Bourne, C.M.G., and for the Police Magistrate, Mr. W. R. Strickland. The former is situated to the South-West wing of the Consular Buildings and the Court is immediately beneath it. Both courts have been excellently planned and admirably executed by Mr. H. M. Ashmead and Mr. J. Brailley, of the Office of Works, Shanghai.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Three cases of plague, all of which proved fatal, were notified between noon yesterday and to-day. The year's total is now 141.

The summer sittings of the Full Court of Appeal yesterday, their Lordships reserving judgment in the last appeal before them, the Thali case.

A meeting of the Sanitary Board was held this afternoon, the business for most part being of a routine nature. A full report of the proceedings will appear in to-morrow's issue.

EMPEROR WILHELM'S JUBILEE.

HONGKONG CELEBRATIONS.

The German community of Hongkong continued the festivities last night in honour of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Kaiser's accession to the throne of Germany.

During the day a general holiday was observed by the Germans and, as reported in yesterday's "China Mail," a very successful Reception was held in the Club Germania at noon. His Excellency the Governor and a large number of local residents of various nationalities being present.

Dr. Cull, the Acting Consul for Germany, presided over the health of the Kaiser in a speech of which the following is a translation:—

Your Excellency, Gentlemen, Twenty-five years have elapsed since Kaiser Wilhelm II. succeeded his late lamented father on the throne. These 25 years have proved to the German Empire an era of blessing and of peace, and it is with justifiable pride and genuine expressions of joy that the German people review it. We also, we Germans living afar from our Homeland, join with the festive throng throughout the world in offering to the Kaiser our loyal homage. That we do not stand herein alone, but that we are taking part representatives of that nation on whose territory we live, whose protection we enjoy, and to whom we shall always feel grateful for the hospitality granted us during long decades, is to us a special cause of satisfaction. In the name of the German Colony, I beg to express to your Excellency our appreciation of the great honour which you have deigned to confer on us by your visits to yesterday's and to day's festivities, and your Excellency may rest assured that the remembrance of the more than ordinary share of good will meted out to us Germans by your Excellency on these occasions will be retained in the hearts of my fellow-countrymen, as I will always keep it, with sincere gratitude. We Germans have also to thank those who, either as representatives of their respective nations or as heads of departments, or in the simple capacity of friends and acquaintances, are helping us to celebrate this day of rejoicing. Gentlemen, let me give expression to the hope that to our venerated and beloved Emperor may yet be given long years of happy reign, that the German Empire under his rule may further prosper and develop while at peace with its neighbours and always in closer relations with the nation that has from the same stock as we do, so that the words remain true, which our Emperor uttered during his first journey in London in 1891 as a reigning monarch: "Following the example set me by my grandfather and my never-forgotten father, I shall always maintain the historical bond of friendship between our two nations, as well as may rest in my power, thanks to which they have been so often united in the past for the protection of freedom and of justice." Gentlemen, His Majesty the Kaiser's health be preserved!

In yesterday's issue of the "China Mail" we published a translation of the admirable speech which His Excellency delivered.

In the evening, the German Consulate, the Club Germania and several German residences were beautifully illuminated by red Chinese lanterns. The dinner at the Club Germania was very largely attended and in every way successful.

INCREASE OF DRINKING.

There can be no doubt, says the "Colon Patriot," that the consumption of intoxicants has increased since the introduction of the new excise system, though the public expected the result to be otherwise. The new system has totally failed to grapple with the increase of intemperance. The today sold now appears to be of a far more intoxicating nature than the quality sold formerly, due perhaps to greater fermentation, and the action of the labouring population which uses it is becoming thoroughly demoralized and inefficient by its use. We hope that something will be done to prevent the increase of drunkenness, that Government will realise the awful condition of affairs existing now, which necessitates some drastic measures to be introduced to promote temperance.

BOWEL COMPLAINT IN CHILDREN.

During the summer months, mothers should watch for any distasteful looseness of the child's bowels. When given prompt attention at this time serious trouble may be avoided. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can always be depended upon. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

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The Royal Engineers have won all four games played and lead by the large margin of 222 points, the present scores being:—Royal Engineers (A), 200; 87th Coy., R.G.A. (B), 678.

The games in this match will be resumed at the Soldiers' Club to-night.

A team composed of members of H. and D. Companies D.L.I. met the Royal Engineers in a friendly water polo match at the Army Service Corps canteen last evening. The Engineers winning the game by five goals to nil. Merriall and Collins, in the first half, and in the second Ferrigan, Wright and Collins each added a goal.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM.

A TOUCH of rheumatism, or a twinge of neuralgia, whatever the trouble, Chamberlain's Pain Balm drives away the pain at once and cures the complaint quickly. First application gives relief. When a bottle of it is kept in the house the pain of burns and scalds may be promptly relieved, cuts and bruises quickly healed and swellings promptly reduced. In fact, for the household it is just what an embrocation, as every family should have provided with. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

SHIPMATES' MONEYLENDING TRANSACTION.

HOLD THAT WENT AWAY.

In the Summary Court this morning before the Justice Judge, Kwok Kit, a grocer, sued Yip Chi, a mesboy to recover the sum of \$337.53, being the equivalent of \$310 gold, lent by plaintiff to defendant on September 15, 1910.

Mr. J. H. Gardiner appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Otto Kong Sing for the defendant.

Mr. Gardiner, outlining the case for the plaintiff, said that at the time the money was lent both parties were employed on the s.s. Minnesota, which was then at Seattle. Plaintiff was in the habit of bringing money from a man in Seattle to his wife in Hongkong and on this occasion was entrusted with \$310 gold. Defendant was present when the money passed and a few days later asked plaintiff to lend it to him, stating that in a few days he would have a sum of money paid to him. Plaintiff advanced the money on the security of a Chinese document on the understanding that it would be repaid shortly, but plaintiff had failed to keep his promise. He was arrested before the ship left for an offence against the opium laws and did not come to Hongkong that trip. When the defendant returned to Hongkong plaintiff applied for the money but could not get it, defendant being out of work at present he was employed on the s.s. Montague. Mr. Gardiner added that he had received notice of the special defence of illegality.

Mr. Kong Sing elicited from plaintiff in the course of cross-examination that Li Shi, the woman to whom he was to have brought the \$310, was a relation of his; he had often brought money to her from her husband. He denied that he had been interested in the smuggling of opium into States. He did not know that defendant was engaged in this trade. He was not allowed to go ashore at Seattle, nor were any others of the Chinese crew but defendant, who, being Number one, could do so. Plaintiff denied that he gave defendant twenty tins of opium to take ashore at Seattle, and that he was to receive \$10 gold for each tin sold.

The defence was a denial that the money was borrowed. Defendant stated that the document related to an opium smuggling transaction between himself and the plaintiff. Plaintiff gave him twenty tins of opium to smuggle ashore, but he was caught and fined \$150 gold. His Lordship gave judgment for defendant.

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SPORTING.

Billiards.

There was a good attendance at the Soldiers' Club last night when the match between 87th Coy., R. G. A. (B) and Royal Engineers (A) in the semi-final of the Volunteer Challenge Cup was resumed.

The first pair were Bombr. Underwood, 87th Coy., R. G. A. (A) and Sgt. Major Morgan, R. E. (A). Play was even and not very brilliant, both players playing cautiously. The scores were 50-48 and 100-84 in Morgan's favour. Underwood taking the lead at 112. The lead alternated from one to the other until after 150, Morgan ultimately winning by means of a convenient white winner, a margin of 23 separating the players. Breaks, Morgan, 13, 11. Underwood, 11. Scores:—Sgt. Major Morgan, 200; Bombr. Underwood, 177.

The next game brought Bombr. Clarke, 87th Coy., R. G. A. (B) and Q. M. Sgt. Collings, R. E. (A) to the table. Collings was the more experienced player, and at the 100 mark held a lead of 31. Clarke, however, persevered and kept within reasonable distance throughout the game. With Collings wanting only two for game, Clarke was scoring freely but failing at a difficult white. Loner, left his ball over the pocket and Collings brought off an easy pot white, winning the game by 40 points. Breaks, Collings, 15, 14, 12. Clarke, 16, 12. Scores:—Q. M. Sgt. Collings, 200; Bombr. Clarke, 160.

The last game was between Tpr. Eason, 87th Coy., R. G. A., and Sapper Cox, R.M. (A). Cox was too good for his opponent, scoring 50 to 14 and 100 to 51. Fine breaks of 23 and 20 took him further to the front and he ran to his points a winner by 83. Breaks, Cox, 23, 20, 15, 13, 11. Eason, Nil. Scores:—Sapper Cox, 210; Tpr. Eason, 112.

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INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

We are informed by Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., the General Managers of the above Company, that they have received a telegram from the Head Office at London to the effect that the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will take place on the 24th inst., that the underwriting account stands at £200,546 and that £2,000 has been written off the expenses of the debenture issue. After providing for the usual depreciation and the dividend of April last there remains a balance of £24,803 out of which the Board of Directors recommend the payment to the holders of Preferred Ordinary Shares of 4 per cent. for the Year 1912, carrying forward £10,083.

SUMMARY COURT CASE.

In the Summary Court this afternoon before the Justice Judge, Mr. Justice Kemp, the Kwong Cheung Loong firm sued the Chao Man Pa, of 62 Bonham Street, traders, to recover the sum of \$323 being an amount paid by them on February 27, 1913 to the Chuen Yik firm as guarantors for that amount for and on behalf of the defendant.

The plaintiff, who are traders carrying on business at 41, Hillier Street, were represented by Mr. R. C. Faithfull; and Mr. J. H. Gardiner was for the defendant firm.

The master of the defendant firm was brought to Court in custody, having been arrested as an absconding debtor on a warrant issued by the plaintiff.

Mr. Gardiner admitted the signatures to some documents produced and stated that the only point at issue was whether or not the plaintiff had been transferred in respect of this claim by the transfer of ten shares in the Kwong Cheung Wah Kee, which at the time of transfer were valued at \$1,500. Owing to the detention of the defendant, Mr. Gardiner added, he had been unable to get the witnesses to the transfer. He had given notice to his friend to produce the transfer document.

Mr. Faithfull said he did not know of the existence of such a document. Mr. Gardiner said that under the transfer the shares had been tied out to be practically valueless, the company having failed to pay. That was the reason this claim had been made.

The case was proceeding when we went to press.

LIEUTENANT ASSAULTS TRAM CONDUCTOR.

THE TIMING OF TRAMS.

Before Mr. Melbourn at the Magistrate this morning, Lieutenant Gilpin, R.G.A., was charged with assaulting a tram conductor at Taikeo.

Complainant said that the car stopped near Taikeo Dockyard, and defendant boarded it. As soon as he had done so he struck witness several times with his closed fist. Witness did not know why he did it.

Defendant said that the tram was always going away early from Shaukiwan, and he and other officers had complained to the men about the tram going early. The tram ought to keep their proper time. The car that he boarded on this occasion left three minutes early from Shaukiwan. The car was about 100 yards away when defendant hailed it, and he shouted, but the conductor took no notice of him. They had complained so many times that he supposed these people were getting "fed up" with it.

The Magistrate suggested that a letter of complaint should be sent to Mr. J. Stodart Kennedy, the manager, and the matter would be rectified.

Defendant said they got the time every day by telephone from Hongkong. The conductors were supposed to have watches, which they kept in accordance with the time at Causeway Bay.

The defendant was fined \$2.

ALLEGED ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF ARMS.

Before Mr. Hazland at the Magistrate to-day, a Chinese man and woman were charged by Inspector Cameron with being in possession of a revolver and two rounds of ammunition.

Mr. R. O. Faithfull defended. Chinese Constable No. 33 deposed to going with a warrant to No. 22 Shan Ping Terrace, Shaukiwan, and finding the revolver and two cartridges in a Chinese table which had a false bottom under a drawer. The cubicle was that of the man.

The charge against the woman was withdrawn.

In reply to Mr. Faithfull witness said that the secret drawer was locked. The woman who was charged with the man, was called to give evidence, and said that she had lived in the house for ten years. Defendant rented a cubicle from her. Mr. Faithfull—She had never seen the defendant with a revolver.

Inspector Cameron deposed to finding the revolver which had two cartridges in it. A third cartridge had been fired off. To Mr. Faithfull—Defendant said the revolver was not his. Witness did not caution him. He was a cook at the R. G. A. barracks, and had been so for ten years. Defendant was called and gave evidence to the effect that the revolver was not his. He did not know how it got into the drawer.

The case was adjourned for a week.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE BALKANS SITUATION.

BULGARIA DEFENDS HER ATTITUDE.

ANXIOUS FOR ARBITRATION.

SOFIA, June 16.

King Ferdinand, replying to the Tsar's telegram, throws the responsibility for the present situation upon Serbia, and declares that Bulgaria is still anxious for arbitration and would sincerely deplore a fratricidal struggle, but the Government cannot oppose the unanimous sentiment of indignation aroused in Bulgaria by the attempts of the Allies to deprive her of the fruits of her victories in defiance of their pledged faith. The reply also points out that Bulgaria has rights in Macedonia which Russia herself has long recognised.

The Bulgarian Cabinet has been formed with Dr. Daneff as Premier and Minister for Foreign Affairs. M. Madjaroff, the Minister in London, is Minister of the Interior, and General Kovatcheff, Commander of the Fourth Army, is Minister of War.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

HOUSING SPEECH BY THE WAR MINISTER.

PARIS, June 16.

M. Etienne, the French War Minister, in the course of a stirring speech at Rennes in defence of the Triennium Service Bill, said they had to face the fact that France had now 470,000 soldiers able to be placed in the field against Germany's coming 880,000. "She must have designs," he said, "but those designs are not for me to fathom. I have not to judge the German policy, but have to take the necessary measures. Do you want to be Germany's vassals and satellites? (Cries of No.) Nor do we. We shall pursue our aim to the end, whatever the fatigue. We want peace with dignity, but if war comes, if we are attacked, we will go on to victory."

PANAMA CANAL DIFFICULTIES.

EXTENSIVE LANDSLIDES.

PANAMA, June 16.

Landslides on the banks of the Canal continue. One in Culebra Cut represents more than a month's excavation.

TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP.

PARIS, June 16.

The hard court Tennis Championship of the World has resulted in A. F. Wilding (British) beating Gohert (France). The scores were: Wilding, 6-3, 6-3, 11-6, 6-4.

THE COMMONS AND THE MARCONI REPORT.

IMPORTANT RESOLUTION.

LONDON, June 16.

The Daily News states that the House of Commons will be allowed a free vote on the motion approving the Report of the Marconi Committee. The following resolution is likely to be moved from the Government side as a sequel to the debate:—"No Minister in future shall hold a directorship in a Public Company or share in a Company contracting with the Crown."

HIPPODROME CIRCUS.

To-morrow night, in addition to further changes in the programme, a wrestling match will take place for a purse of \$100 between J. Gebhard of S. S. Jiu-jong and Brook Hest of Hongkong. Unfortunately none of this contest could not be published earlier owing to the fact that it was difficult to make arrangements beforehand. There was again a large audience last night, and the excellent programme was highly appreciated. The next matinee is to-morrow afternoon at 4 p.m.

ECONOMY IN THE END.

It costs but a small amount to keep Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy always in your medicine chest, and it is economy in the end. It always cures and cures quickly. For sale by all Chemists and Dispensaries.

THE SOTTO CASE.

A Question of International Law.

At the Magistrate's this afternoon, Mr. Hazeland was further occupied with the hearing of the charge of abduction against Vicente Sotto alleged to have been committed at Cebu, Philippine Islands.

Mr. P. M. Hodgson, Crown Solicitor, prosecuted; Mr. G. K. Hall Brutton, defendant; and Mr. Reader Harris, of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, watched the case on behalf of the United States Government.

Mr. Brutton further cross-examined Mr. Anderson, U.S. Consul-General, and at his request witness produced the penal code now in force in the Philippine Islands. It was not, he thought, the same code as was in force when Spain was in possession of the Islands. He was not certain, however. He would say that it was a translation of the Spanish code, with certain additions.

Mr. Brutton: Is it not a translation from the Spanish into English of the Spanish penal code which was in force in the Philippines?—I have not, compared the two, and only know what the title page indicates.

Do you put this in as the penal code in force in the Philippine Islands?—Yes.

And has that code been in force since the Islands were ceded to the United States?—I think so, except possibly some changes or limitations under military government.

Mr. Brutton referred to the "authority for publication" in the code, which states that it is a translation from the Spanish of the penal code, together with enactments of the Philippine Government.

Mr. Brutton: Do you know anyone employed by the Government of the Philippine Islands by the name of Colonel Crane?—I do not. I do not remember anyone by the name of Crane.

Or Colonel Haddock?—No.

Or Major Guthrie?—No. I have not heard of him.

Have you had correspondence with the Police Department or Constabulary of the Philippine Islands with regard to Vicente Sotto?—I can't answer that.

Mr. Hazeland: Do you object to the question?

Witness: I believe it tends on privileged matter.

Mr. Hodgson said he did not object to the witness answering the question, but he would object strongly, of course, to the production of the correspondence.

Witness then answered the question, and said he had not.

Mr. Brutton: Have you, as Consul-General of the United States in Hongkong, had any correspondence with the Government of the Philippine Islands or the Constabulary with regard to the defendant?—No; I have not.

No correspondence?—No. Well, I have had correspondence with regard to extradition proceedings only with the Government.

Mr. Brutton: I call for the production of that correspondence.

Mr. Harris: Very funny.

Mr. Brutton: It is funny, isn't it? Mr. Hodgson: I refuse to produce it, and object on the grounds that it is privileged.

Mr. Brutton said it was for the Crown to satisfy the Bench that it was privileged. Those documents were material to the case, and he could ask for those documents to be produced. Mr. Anderson was an ordinary witness called by the prosecution, and that was the character in which he appeared there. Those documents were of absolute importance in that case.

After some argument, Mr. Hazeland said he would like to consider the point, and reserved the question.

Mr. Brutton (to witness): Do you know defendant is the editor of a paper entitled the "Philippine Republic"?—I have been so informed.

And do you know that he is always advocating in that paper the independence of the Philippines?—I have seen two numbers of the paper only, but I have heard that he does.

Have you heard that that paper is largely read by the natives of the Philippine Islands?—I cannot say that I have. Can you say that you have not?—No; I have given the matter no attention.

Have you heard that in that paper the editor has denounced and still denounces the American employees of the Government of the Philippine Islands?—I can't say that I have. I have paid no attention whatever to the paper.

Has the United States any Colonies or Dependencies?—No; unless unorganised territories might be referred to as such. Our Constitution makes no provision for any such possession except as territory of the United States.

Might I remind you that in the deposited American law no prosecutions or dependencies?—I have just said that.

You have qualified it very largely. Do you say that the Philippine Islands is a colony or dependency?—No.

Unless unorganised territory might be referred to as such. Are the Philippines unorganised territory?—I have already testified that they are.

Mr. Hodgson was re-examining the witness when we went to press.

A YEAR'S LAW CASES.

Work of the Supreme Court in 1912.

The following report of the Registrar of the Supreme Court, Mr. Hugh A. Nisbet, for the year 1912, was submitted to the Legislative Council at last Thursday's meeting.

ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

The number of actions instituted in this division of the Court during the year 1912 was 224, and there were 480 pending at the commencement of that year as against 200 and 410 respectively in 1911. 147 were disposed of during the year, 52 being settled or withdrawn before trial, leaving a balance of 557 undisposed of, as against 139, 50 and 480 respectively in 1911. There was no interim injunction granted during the year. The total amount involved was \$2,406,284, not including a claim for \$2,868 75, 64, against \$1,000,462 in 1911; the debts and damages recovered amounted to \$354,597 against \$442,047; and the total fees collected amounted to \$15,303 against \$12,710.

SEMI-ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

The number of actions instituted during the year was 2,617 and 230 were brought forward from 1911, as against 1,808 and 177 respectively in 1911, and were disposed of as follows:—Settled or withdrawn 875, judgment for the plaintiff 796, judgment for the defendant 50, judgment 0, struck out, dismissed and lapses writs (not served) 219, struck out of the cause book as having been standing over for more than a year 129, leaving 138 as pending, as against 2,042, 621, 819, 48, 15, 224, 88 and 230 respectively in 1911. The total amount involved was \$339,378 and the debts and damages recovered amounted to \$139,484 as against \$338,240 and \$140,874 respectively in 1911. The total amount of fees collected amounted to \$8,895 as against \$8,614 in 1911. The number of distress warrants for rent issued was 575 representing aggregate unpaid rents amounting to \$42,525 of which the aggregate sum of \$10,493 was recovered as against 617, \$60,883 and \$11,618 respectively in 1911; 416 warrants were withdrawn on settlement.

CRIMINAL JURISDICTION.

There were 61 cases and 104 persons committed for trial at the Criminal Sessions, as against 100 and 141 respectively in 1911. The number of persons actually indicted was 104 of whom 76 were convicted and 27 were acquitted. Against 1 person the case was abandoned. In 1911 the figures were respectively 134, 64 and 40.

APPELLATE JURISDICTION.

There were eight appeals instituted during the year:—From the decision of the Chief Justice, 6, against 6 in 1911; from the decision of the Puisne Judges, 1, against 7 from the decision of the Magistrate, 1, against 0, of which the following were disposed of:—From the Chief Justice, 2, against 4 in 1911; from the Puisne Judges, 0, against 4; from the Magistrate, 1, against 0.

No leave to appeal to the Privy Council was granted but two judgments by the Privy Council were received during the year, i.e., in Original Jurisdiction actions No. 73 of 1907 Imperial Bank of China and Leung Shin Kong, and No. 200 of 1908, Thomas Alexander Mitchell v. John Leung. In the former action the appeal by the Imperial Bank was dismissed with costs and in the latter the appeal by John Leung was allowed with costs.

ANNUALITY JURISDICTION.

There were two actions instituted and 2 actions were tried during the year. The case that was pending since 1909, is still pending. No vessel was arrested. The total fees collected amounted to \$77.25 as against \$80 in 1911.

HARBOUR JURISDICTION.

There were 38 petitions filed, 13 being creditors' petitions, and 20 being petitions by the debtors themselves. The figures for 1911 were respectively 33, 20 and 16. The number of receiving orders made was 26, being 11 on creditors' petitions, and 15 on debtors' petitions; 3 administration orders were made. The figures for 1911 were respectively 23, 12 and 11 and 2 administration orders. The number of public examinations held was 17 as against 15 in 1911. There were 22 adjudications. The figures in 1911 were 19 adjudications, and two compositions. There were no discharges granted. The aggregate amount of estimated assets in cases where receiving orders were made and were not reinstated, was \$210,850 as against \$109,738; and \$275,221 respectively in 1911. The fees collected amounted to \$1,864 as against \$2,852 in 1911 and the Official Receiver's commission as trustee where no trustee had been appointed by the creditors to \$4,945 as against \$14,435 in 1911.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

There were 231 grants made by the Court, being—Probate, 88; letters of administration, 143. The figures in 1911 were respectively 91 and 126. The aggregate value of the estates was \$6,210,055 as against \$3,816,534 in 1911.

Probate duties amounted to \$350,185, Court fees amounted to \$10,000 and Official Administrator's commission to \$1,014. The figures in 1911 were respectively \$107,981, \$8,040, and \$2,040. There were 53 estates vested in or administered by the Official Administrator during the year, representing an aggregate value of \$39,270. The figures for 1911 were respectively 38 and \$38,700.

Twenty-two estates were wound up during the year, representing an aggregate value of \$25,785 as against 38 in 1911, representing \$85,887.

OFFICIAL TRUSTEES.

The total number of Trust Estates in the hands of the Official Trustee at the end of 1912 was 27 and the aggregate amount of trust funds \$116,085 as against 27 Estates aggregating \$116,085 in 1911 and certain house property. The amount of commission collected was \$228 as against \$428 in 1911.

REGISTRATION OF COMPANIES.—The total number of companies registered during the commencement of the Companies Ordinance, 1865, was 700 with an aggregate capital of \$363,083,003. Of the 700 companies on the register 140 are defunct, 2 were not floated, 155 were wound up and 135 were in the course of being wound up, leaving 308 on the register at the end of 1912 representing an aggregate capital of \$338,254,343. The figures in 1911 were respectively 724, \$348,047,201, 121, 2, 142, 114, 315 and \$326,445,192.

There were 30 companies registered in 1912 as compared with 39 in 1911 the revenue from which was—Registration fees, \$4,826, against \$5,806 in 1911; filing and other fees, \$4,475, against \$3,474.

The number of licences granted under section 35 of the Companies Ordinance, 1911 (No. 58 of 1911), enabling companies operating outside the Colony to keep local registers of members was 140. The fees collected in respect of such licences amounted to \$34,581.

FEES AND COMMISSION.—The total sums collected during the year by way of fees and commission amounted to \$60,544 as against \$48,342 in the previous year.

Sir Francis Taylor Pigott retired from the post of Chief Justice on the 30th April and was succeeded by the Honourable Mr. (now Sir) William Roger Davies, Attorney-General, on the 1st of May.

Mr. C. A. D. Melbourne, Deputy Registrar and Appraiser, acted as 2nd Police Magistrate for the whole of last year and his duties were performed by Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher, Official Receiver, in addition to his other duties until 20th November when he was appointed to act as Assistant Colonial Secretary. Mr. S. B. D. McElroy, Passed Clerk, succeeded Mr. Fletcher in the acting appointment. Mr. Fletcher was appointed to act for Mr. Fletcher as Official Receiver and Registrar of Trade Marks in addition to his other duties, on the 20th November.

Mr. I. U. Mirza, 2nd grade clerk and Clerk to the Police Judge, returned from 6 months' leave of absence on the 9th February. Mr. N. G. Nolan, Chief Interpreter, proceeded on 12 months' leave of absence on the 2nd of April. Mr. Wong Kwong Tin, 2nd Interpreter, was appointed to act as Chief Interpreter, Mr. A. J. Mackie, 3rd Interpreter, who returned from 9 months' leave of absence on the 21st of June, was appointed to act as 2nd Interpreter; and Mr. Leung Tun Sheung, Sergeant Interpreter, was appointed to act as 3rd Interpreter.

On the retirement of Mr. F. Howell, First Bailiff, on the 31st December, 1911, the following appointments were made:—Mr. J. Leonard, 2nd Bailiff, to be First Bailiff; Mr. A. W. Hill, Clerk and Usher, to be 2nd Bailiff; and Mr. T. F. O'Sullivan, a constable in the Police Force, to be Clerk and Usher.

CABINET CHANGES DEMAND.

SUGGESTIONS OF THE LIBERAL PRESS.

The Daily News and the Westminster Gazette are urging the desirability of a reshuffling of Ministerial appointments. Mr. H. W. Massingham, in an article in the Daily News, suggests the following changes:—Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Harcourt; President of the Local Government Board, Mr. Lloyd George; War Minister, Mr. Burns; or Mr. Runciman, or Sir John Simon; Navy Minister, not Mr. Churchill. Colonel Seely comes in for strong criticism. "On one subject there is real and serious anxiety. Colonel Seely is in some respects a good enough War Secretary. He is popular, pleasant, and interested in his work, and the Government as a whole is, of course, quite sound on conscription. It would not be a Liberal Government, or could not long remain one, if it were not, but Colonel Seely's equivocal speeches in and out of the House have caused much concern, which the Prime Minister's tolerably plain endorsement of Mr. Illingworth's vigorous language on forced service has not entirely removed. It is indeed a matter of moment, that, as it happened, the two war services are controlled by young men (Colonel Seely and Mr. Churchill), who are not traditional Liberals at all and have not inherited (and may not share) the traditional Liberal feeling and policy on voluntary service. Both of them are too fond of quoting and even parading the opinions of their military or naval advisers, and speaking as if deep and

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high questions of policy were to be determined, not by the Cabinet, but by the merely professional seat of generals and admirals. In the old Liberal days these gentlemen worked and took orders. Now they talk and give them. I think we should all feel happier if the War Office at least were under the control of a man who like Mr. Burns, is fond of soldiers but would not let himself be run by them, or by a Liberal of the old stock like Mr. Runciman, or by a new recruit (whom one hopes soon to see in the Cabinet) like Sir John Simon. The other question concerns the future of Liberal policy on the land. That policy must largely be run through the Local Government Board. But it is no secret that Mr. Burns, in some respects a good administrator, is unsympathetic to a large constructive dealing with the allied questions of land and housing. Who therefore, supposing Mr. Burns goes to the War Office or the Colonial Office, can really run the Local Government Board as an organ of a great land policy, who but Mr. Lloyd George? There is no question of a loss of prestige or of Mr. George stepping down from one office to another. Offices are what their heads make them, as the classical example of Mr. Chamberlain shows. And so far as the Exchequer is concerned Mr. George's work is done. For the moment, therefore, it is a Chancellor of the type of Mr. Harcourt of which Liberalism stands in need. The Westminster Gazette also urges Colonel Seely to stiffen his back and attack National Military Service more vigorously. A free trader, it declares, who said merely that could not be adjusted to our existing fiscal system and because a large number of people objected to it, would not make much way against the rising and beating of protectionists. We have to realise that in the matter of Tariff Reform we are the presence of a formidable agitation backed by untold money and energy which can only be met by work and faith on the other side.

PARIS OPERA BY WIRE.

The British Postmaster-General and the French Minister of Posts and Telegraphs concurred in a proposal for an interesting international exchange of operatic courtesies by telephone wire. Recently an "electrophonic" connection was made between London and the stage of the Paris Opera House, and guests invited to the Electrophonic Salon in Garrard Street, W.C., listened to the opera and other Parisian performances. A similar transmission was simultaneously made from Covent Garden Opera House and other London theatres to Paris.

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G. APCAR	June 25.	UMFULI	July 30.
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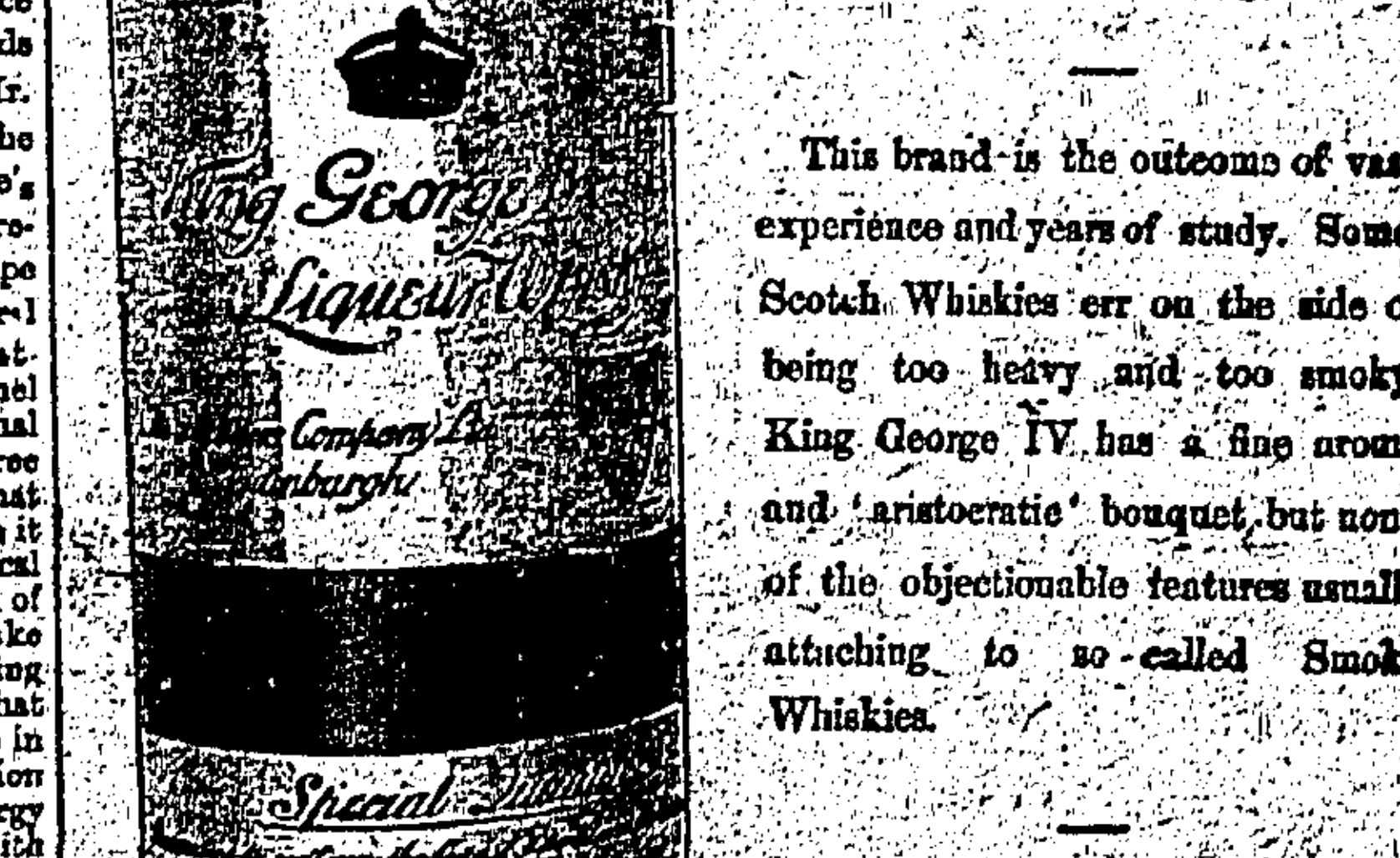
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ARCADIA	June 9	MARMORA	July 20	July 28
DEVANHA	July 6	MEDINA	Aug. 3	Aug. 9
CHINA	July 19	MOLDAVIA	Aug. 17	Aug. 23
ANSAE	Aug. 9	MALOUA	Aug. 31	Sept. 6
DELTA	Aug. 16	MONOLIA	Sept. 14	Sept. 20
ARCADIA	Aug. 30	MACEDONIA	Sept. 27	Oct. 3
DEVANHA	Sept. 13	MALWA	Oct. 11	Oct. 17
ASSAYE	Sept. 27	MOULTAN	Oct. 25	Oct. 31
CHINA	Oct. 11	MORLA	Nov. 8	Nov. 14
DELTA	Oct. 23	MARMORA	Nov. 22	Nov. 28
ARCADIA	Nov. 6	MOLDAVIA	Dec. 6	Dec. 12

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AMILA	August 6	Sept. 12	Sept. 21
NANKIN	August 20	Sept. 25	October 5
NANZAN	September 3	Oct. 9	October 18
NORRE	September 17	Oct. 24	November 2
NILE	October 1	Nov. 5	November 15
NILE	October 15	Nov. 19	November 29

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'OHIO MARU' T. Nemoto Thursday, 7th Aug. at 1 p.m.

'CANADA MARU' T. Harl. Wednesday, 20th Aug. at 1 p.m.

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For MOI KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

'LUZON MARU' T. Yamaguchi Friday, 18th July, at 4 p.m.

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